**USE CASE DIAGRAM**

A use case diagram is used to represent the dynamic behavior of a system. In the Unified Modeling Language (UML), a use case diagram can summarize the details of your system's users (also known as actors) and their interactions with the system. To build one, you'll use a set of specialized symbols and connectors. An effective use case diagram can help your team discuss and represent:

* Scenarios in which your system or application interacts with people, organizations, or external systems
* Goals that your system or application helps those entities (known as actors) achieve
* The scope of your system.

**When to apply use case diagrams**

A use case diagram doesn't go into a lot of detail—for example, don't expect it to model the order in which steps are performed. Instead, a proper use case diagram depicts a high-level overview of the relationship between use cases, actors, and systems. Experts recommend that use case diagrams be used to supplement a more descriptive textual use case.

UML is the modeling toolkit that you can use to build your diagrams. Use cases are represented with a labeled oval shape. Stick figures represent actors in the process, and the actor's participation in the system is modeled with a line between the actor and use case. To depict the system boundary, draw a box around the use case itself.

UML use case diagrams are ideal for:

* Representing the goals of system-user interactions
* Defining and organizing functional requirements in a system
* Specifying the context and requirements of a system
* Modeling the basic flow of events in a use case

Example: Booking Ticket:

